though Senator Morgan is not in a position to make a fight against the President and the House conferees just at present, in view of the emitest in which he is engaged for reflection by

the Alabama Legislatur -A special meeting of the Cabinet was held today for the purpose of considering the proposed new compromise, and it was not until after this meeting had adjourned that word came from the conference room that a basis of agreement and been arrived at. Secretary Carlisle was at the White House meeting to-day, and both be-fore and afterward he and the President held erusultations with Chairman Wilson, Speaker Orisp and Senator Smith also had a talk during the morning, and there were in addition a series of conferences between House and Senate Democrats and Republicans and Democrats of both Houses, all relating to the terms of a come under consideration behind the looked doors of the conference room. When the announcement was made, therefore, late in the afternoon, that the agreement above outlined had been informally reached, it was accepted as an official announcement that everybody had been placated, at least to the extent that would warrant the conferrees in bringing in a report

The one man who seems to have been conspicnously absent from all the conferences and who seems to be left out in the cold altogether is Senator Mills of Texas. The resolution which he introduced a day or two ago, expressing it to be the sense of the Senate that whatever Tariff bill is to be passed should provide for free raw materials, is still lying on the table, and it is not thought, in view of to-day's developments, that Mr. Mills will for action just at present. call it up In offering the resolution he seems to have forgotten for the moment that he has voted several times of late for a duty on both coal and iron, which are supposed to be essentially raw materials, and which were named as such in President Cleveland's letter to Chairman Wilon, and he is now threatened with the alternative of having to vote in favor of a bill providing for taxed coal or desert his party associates and vote with Senator Hill to indefinitely postpope action on the conference report.

There is another man in Washington to-night who is unhappy over the situation, and that is the restless and impetuous ex-Congressman John E. Russell, late defeated candidate for the Governorship of Massachusetts, the intimate personal and political friend of Grover Cleveland, and the supposed mouthplece of the Nova Scotia Coal Syndicate. Mr. Russell was very active in the House lobby yesterday during the session of the caucus, and was no doubt highly elated this morning when the early reports from the Conference Committee indicated that new compromise would provide for coal and taxed iron ore, instead of taxed coal and free iron ore as it developed subsequently was the basis of the conference ent that is scheduled to run the gauntlet

of the Senate and House to-morrow. There is one fact that the Senators who are supporting the Senate bill keep in mind at [all es in justification of their attitude. This is that an opportunity has now been given the House to vote upon the Senate amendments. The conferrees have acted under the instructions President Cleveland and not under the orders

striking for the restoration of a ten per cent. re-duction taken from them early in the season. gether. Then they talked the difficulty over, with the result that the hands returned to work the next day with the resulted the strike. To-day the operatives passed the following resolutions in kind remembrance of the Senator's efforts:

Resolved, That we endorse the course pursued by our State Senator. James Smith, Jr., in the United States Senate upon the pending fariff measure, and Whervas, We believe he has been and is consistent with true Democratic principles and traditions of his party, when he claims that the protective duties should be ample to cover the difference in wages

heines; and
Whereas, Senator Smith has consistently, as we believe, worked to the best of his ability toward this
end; therefore be it
Besolved. That we, the committee assembled, do
most heartily endorse all that he has done to reach
that end; and we further resolve that we will do all
nour power to assist and encourage him toward the
fulfilment of his piedge to the people.
William McLiuming, Secretary
William McLiuming, Secretary

LIVE WASHINGTON TOPICS.

Col. Volkmar's Appeal Sustained by the Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The War Department to-day sustained the appeal of Col. Volkmar of Major-Gen. Howard's staff, who was assigned to quarters at Governor's Island which were not equal to those he believed his rank entitled him to. The case has not yet been settled, however, and will probably come up before the Secretary for final decision. Gen. Schofield held that Col. Volkmar had a perfect right to object to the quarters given him by tien. Howard. and that he should have had those he selected. Adjt.-Gen. Ruggles believed that Gen. Howard was right, and inter-tored in the matter. Secretary Lamont was appealed to, and he sustained Gen. Scho-

field. Gen. Ruggles, however, got the Secretary neid. Gen. Ruggies, however, got the Secretary to withdraw his endorsement, in view of certain disagreements which are said to exist between Col. Vincent of Gen. Schofield's staff, who acted originally on the case, and Gen. Howard, Col. Volkmar's appeal now goes back to Gen. Boward, with instructions from Gen. Schofield that the Colonel shall have his guarters. It is expected that Gen. Howard will appeal from Gen. Schofield's decision, and that Secretary Lamont will then be called on to decide whether Col. Volkmar shall have a house with two Majors or one by himself.

The President has approved the District of Columbia appropriation bill, the acts amending the act providing for bridges over the Hiawassee, the Tennessee, and the Clinch rivers in Tennessee; authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to grant leases for sites on the Hot Springs reservation for cold water reservoirs, disposing of four condemned naval cannon, and for the relief of enlisted men in the marine corps.

The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations: following nominations:

Lara Anderson of Odio, to be Secretary of Embassy of the United States at Rome.

John H. Harrison to be Fostmaster at Waco, Tex.

John H. Galway of Michigan, for the Fifth district;

John H. Galway of Michigan, for the Eighth district;

John H. Galway of Michigan, for the Eighth district;

L. J. Galvin of New York, for the Minta district.

L. J. Galvin of New York, for the Minta district.

L. J. Galvin of New York, for the Minta district.

L. J. Galvin of New York, for the Minta district.

L. J. Galvin of New York, for the Minta district.

L. J. Galvin of New York, for the Minta district.

L. J. Galvin of New York, for the Minta district.

L. J. Galvin of New York, for the Minta district.

Digna Buchanan of Coherndo to be receiver of public moneys at Sterling, Col.

Capt. Charles A. H. McCouley, Assistant Quarternaster, to be Major and Quarternaster.

Lioutenant-Commander John C. Rich to be a Commander, Lieutenant Junior Grade Harry Kimell to be a Lieutenant, Ensign J. J. Blandin to be Lieutenant Junior grade Harry Kimell to be a Lieutenant, Ensign J. J. Blandin to be Lieutenant Junior grade.

The Senate has confirmed the following nom-

Ellis Mills of Virginia now Consul-General at Honosiu, Becretary of Legation and Consul-General at tale, Secretary or Legacian that place. Lars Anderson of Ohio, Secretary of Embassy at Lars Anderson of Ohio, Secretary of Embassy at Home.

Talted States Marshals—Bichard C. Morris district of Connecticity: John A. Bedbermott, district of Wyoming: James I. Crutcher, district of Idaho.

Gilson Clark, United States Attorney for the district of Vyoming.

P. J. Dempster, Register of the Land Office at Sterling, Col. Mag. Col.

Judges of Probate in Utah-Thomas J. Brandon, county of Davis; James I. Bunting county of Kane; J. M. Granf, county of Rich; J. J. Drie Mare, county of Tonese: Acallies Perrin county of Weber; Solid Wagram, Jr., county of Cache; W. a. Willes, county of Wagatch.

Featmasters—New York. Chartes The following nominations for Postmasters were rejected: Feorge F. Van Dam, Tompkinsville, N. Y.; Thomas H. Manion, Herkinge, N. Y.; Treadwell B. Kellum, Bahylon, N. Y.; Jonas Sham, Owego, N. Y.;

POLITICS IN TENNESSEE.

The State is Bemocratic by 17,000-The Contents in November.

MERPHIS, Aug. 8, Secretary of State Morgan has heard from thirty-six countles in Tennessee officially, which give 24,553 majority for the Democratic candidates for the Supreme bench. In addition, twenty counties have been heard from unofficially which give the Democrats a majority of 209, making the total Democrati majority in the forty-six counties reported 24,are Anderson, Bledsoe, Campbell, Carter, Clai-borne, Grainger, Hancock, McNatry, Morgan, Rhes, Sequatchie, and Union. In 1802 these counties gave a Republican majority in the agcounties gave a Republican majority in the aggregate of 17,985. The Democrate have made a gain of 2,000 in the counties heard from. Presuming, then, that the Democrate hold their own in the twelve counties not heard from, the Democratic majority in the State will be 17,000. NASHVILLE, Aug. S.—The election for the Supreme Court being ended, the campaign for the election in November will now begin. A Governor, ten Congresamen, and a Logiciature which will choose a United States Senator are to be chosen. The combine between the Republicans and Populists having failed to defeat the Democratic candidates for the Supreme Court, there would seem to be little comfort for Mr. Mimms, the Populist candidate for Governor. The Democratic State Convention, which will assemble here on Aug. 15, will renominate Gov.

Democratic State Convention, which will assemble here on Aug. 15, will renominate Gov. Turney.

The Hepublican Convention, called to assemble on Aug. 21, will have several candidates to choose from. Capt. J. W. Baker, Chairman of the State Executive Committee of the party, would like to secure the nomination, and so would the Hon. D. A. Nunn, ex-Collector of Intrenal Revenue. The Hon. W. P. Gillenwaters. Congressman A. A. Tyler, and Senator Penland are also candidates. The Congress contests will be productive of excitement. Mr. Snodgrass of the Third district, Mr. McMillen of the Fourth, Mr. Richardson of the Fifth, and Mr. McDearmon of the Ninth, all Democrats, have already been renominated. In the Second district Mr. Houk has been declared the nominee by the Republican committee, but is opposed by Henry, Gibson, who is also a Republican. W. C. Anderson has been nominated by the Republicans in the First district. The Republicans of the Third district have not yet selected a candidate, and if a strong man should be chosen Mr. Snodgrass may have some trouble in securing his reelection, as there is a heavy opposition vote in that district. No opposition to Mr. Washington or Mr. Cox has yet appeared in the Sixth and Seventh districts. In the Eighth district the financial issue may cut some figure, but Mr. Enloe will be supported by many who do not agree with his position on the silver question. Mr. Enloe will be supported by many who in the Tenth district the financial issue may cut some figure, but Mr. Enloe will be supported by many who in the Tenth district the financial issue may cut some figure, but Mr. Enloe will be apported by many who in not agree with his position on Mr. Cieveland. In the Tenth district the financial issue may cut some figure of the first administration of Mr. Cieveland. In the Tenth district the financial issue may cut some figure under the first administration of Mr. Cieveland. The response of the Security of State Miller, both pronounced free coinage advocates, are regorously oppositin

NORTH CAROLINA'S CONVENTION.

The Democrats Praise Mr. Cleveland's Patriotism, but Not His Silver Policy. RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 8.-The State Democratic Convention here to-day nominated candidates for the Supreme Court bench and for State Treas-urer. James E. Shepherd was renominated for Chief Justice and Walter Clark, James C. Macrae, and Armistead Burwell for Associate Justices. Samuel McDowell Tate was renominated for State Treasurer. The proposition to hold primaries on election day to vote on Senatorial candidates, with regard to Senators Ransom and

scandal which has been such a marked feature of his return to the head of affairs."

TO DEMOCRATS OF COLOR.

all for a Meeting of the Negro Democratic League in Indianapolis.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8 .- "The Afro-American Bureau of Organization of the Democratic Con-gressional Committee," with Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia C. H. J. Kyler heading the Advisory Board, has issued the fol-

To the Democrats of Color of the United States: The National Negro Democratic League will convene in Indianapolis, Ind., on the 14th inst. It is hoped that negro Democrats from every State and Territory will be represented, to evidence by their presence and voice

negro Democrats from every Nate and territory will be represented, to evidence by their presence and voice their loyalty to the policies and principles of the Administration. At no time in the history of negro Democracy has there been greater necessity for counseling together to determine the future course and policy of the negro in America.

The present business stagnation, due to the riotous legislation of the last Administration, is being held up to the great masses of negroes by the Republican press of the country as the result of Democratic ascendancy through this Convention may be heralised the true facts and causes to the negroes of every State.

It is a matter of sincere congratulation to note the unswerving fealty shown to the Democratic party by our people in Alabama in the result election. Fossibly the propose of the negroes of every state, and its response was evidenced by a return of larger Democratic malorities in every negrocounty in the State. This open appeal to the negro vote is and should be especially gratifying to you and the negroes generally, since if corver refules the statement made by our friends, the enemy, that "the negro is not wanted in the Democratic party," and at the same time it evidences that the negro vote is a factor, and it is destined to become more so, as he exercises an intelligent discrimination in the use of his ballot.

Let the forces then gather in great numbers at Indianapolis and join in an harmonious and intelligent discrimination of the conditions confronting uses a race. Chief Afro-American Bureau, Organization Congressional Committee.

THE CONTEST SETTLED.

Judge Werner to Get the Republican Nom-ination for the Supreme Court,

ROCHESTER, Aug. 8 .- The fight for the Republican nomination for Justice of the Supreme Court in this district is about over, and there is nothing for the friends of Judge William E. Werner of this city to do but sit down and take Werner of this city to do but sit down and take things easy until the Judicial Convention meets in this city on Sept. 4 and places him in nomination. The election is to fill the vacancy caused by the expiration of the term of Justice George F. Yeoman, who was appointed to the vacancy caused by the death has October of the late Justice Macomber. Justice Edwin A. Nash of Livingston and Justice Yeoman of this city were candidates for the nomination, but Werner got all the delegates in this county and will have all the delegates in the other counties, with the exception of Livingston. Now Nash has withdrawn from the contest, and he sent a delegation of friends to Judge Werner the other day to announce the fact of his withdrawal. The Judicial Convention will nominate two candidates for the bench of the Supreme Court, the term of Justice Rumsey of Bath expiring this year, but Rumsey will be renominated.

State Politics.

The Allegany County Republican Convention renominated Fred A. Robbins of Angelica for member of Assembly. Delegates were elected member of Assembly. Delegates were elected to the State Convention, and were instructed to vote as a unit, no preference for candidates being expressed. George A. Green of Belmont was renominated for County Clerk and George H. Swift of Cuba was nominated for Sheriff.

The Hepublican district and county conventions for Dewego county were held in Pulaski exterday. The Hon. B. F. Ainsworth was innanimously renominated for member of Assembly and the Hon. P. W. Cullinan was instructed to name the delegates from the county to the Twenty-fourth Congress Convention.

E. E. Frost was numbrated for County Clerk.

Second District, III.—William Lorimer, Rep. Second District, Md. J. N. Pastur, Pro. Fifth District, Md. (about term)—J. C. Lee, Pro. Fifth District, Md. (dong term)—W. H. Silk, Pro. Birth District, Md. (dong term)—W. H. Silk, Pro. Birth District, Md. A. E. Shoemaker, Pro. Tular District, Va.—Resewell Billott, Den. Scort, Baster, Past. Co. Baster, Pro. Birth District, Va.—Resewell Billott, Den. Baster, Pro. Birth District, Va.—Resewell Billott, Den. Birth District, Va.—Resewell Billott, Den. Birth District, Va.—Resewell Billott, District

MR. DOCKERY CALLS A HALT

HE APPRALS TO DEMOCRATS TO

Few Enracet Words that Stopped the Pussage of Bills for the Erection of Public Buildings-The Charges Against Judge Richs Soon to be Investigated.

WARRINGTON, Aug. 8.—The bill providing for countlar inspection of immigrants, which the Senate amended by substituting therefor Mr. Hill's bill to prohibit the immigration of An archists, was laid before the House to-day, and on motion of Mr. Culberson (Dem., Tex.) the a conference agreed to.

A bill was passed giving to affidavits in land cases made before any officer authorized to adninister oaths the same force as those made before the land officers.

Mr. McGann's joint resolution was passed directing the Commissioner of Labor to investigate into the effect of machinery upon labor and appropriating \$10,000 therefor. Also a resolution authorizing the Citizens' Committee in connection with the Knights of Pythias Conlave to illuminate the dome of the Capitol at

night during its continuance.

Mr. Bailey (Dem., Tex.) presented the report of
the Committee on the Judiciary, recommending the adoption of resolutions providing for the in-vestigation of charges made by the Central Labor Union of Cleveland against Judge Ricks of the United States Court for the Northern district of Ohio, by the committee or a sub-committee. The resolutions carry an appropriation to

meet the expenditures of the committee.

Mr. Grosvenor (Rep., Ohio) protested against the haste with which the committee had launched this proceeding against Judge Ricks, without giving him even so much notice as is accorded to a defendant indrunk and disorderly proceedings in a police court. If the committee had in its possession any evidence that war-ranted it in its proceeding, he had not the slightest objection to it; but it seemed to him that it was premature and hurried.

Mr. Bailey responded that the committee had

by its actions opened the way for Judge Ricks to meet the sworn charges against him, and he desired to say that, in his opinion, if Judge Ricks was innocent of the charges, he would not want to sleep over night with them resting against him. An agent of the Department o

against him. An agent of the Department of Justice has been sent to Cleveland to look into the charges, and found Judge Ricks enjoying his vacation at the seashore. Mr. Halley said that it had seemed to him more important that Judge Ricks should have an opportunity to face his accusers than that his ease and comfortant and the sease and comfort should be considered, so that if there were a stain upon his judicial ermine it should be removed.

After further debate Mr. Halley demanded the previous question on the resolutions, and they were agreed to.

The House then, in Committee of the Whole, took favorable action upon several bills authorizing the erection of public buildings, but they got no further in the progress to passage. They provided for buildings at the following places, to cost not exceeding the sums named: Newport Ky., \$75,000; Brockton, Mass., \$75.000; Paterron, N. J., \$200,000; South Omaha, Neb., \$200,000; Pottsville, Pa., \$60,000; Cumberland, Md., \$75,000.

While the Paterson, N. J., bill was before the committee Mr. Dockerey (Dem., Mo.), a member of the Committee on Appropriations, appealed to his associates on the Democratic side of the chamber to slow up in passing these bills. He said:

"I realize that it is a most ungracious thing to

maries on election was to rote on the confinition of the Board of the Committee on Appropriations, appealed to his associates on the Democratic side of the chamber to slow up in passing these blist. He are the House, and the prevailing sentiment of the Government, now in the House, and the prevailing sentiment of the Government, now in the house of the Board of the Continue is Mis Present Course.

ENATOR SMITH AGAIN ENDORSED.

The Barboar Flax Spianers Wast Mis to Continue is Mis Present Course.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. S.—If there are any errous in New Jersey who have a warm place their hearts for Senator James Smith, Jr., hey are the employees of the Barbour Flax infining Commany. During the winter months, rhen soup houses were in full blast and the mployees of the wealthy linen thread manuscuturers were thus supported by chority while triking for the restoration of a ten per cent. rejuction taken from them early in the season. Senator Smith induced the Barbour brothers and a committee of the employees of the maltiply over eith the result that the hands returned to work the next of the control of the prevention of the performance of the Senator's efforts:

Resolved, That we emphatically approve the next of the course pursued by control of the performance of the Senator's efforts:

Resolved, That we emphatically approve that he result that the hands returned to work the next the proper such that the hands returned to work the next the proper such the result that the hands returned to work the next the proper such that the hands returned to work the next the proper such that the proper such that the hands returned to work the next the proper such the result of the result of the proper such the result of the result of the proper such the result of the result of the proper such the result of the present control of the proper such the result of the proper such that the hands returned to work the next to proper such the result of the proper such that the hands returned to work the next to proper such that the proper

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

While awaiting definite action on the part of the Tariff conference committee, Senators to-day manifested an utter indifference to all other matters of legislation and were unable to furnish a voting quorum on the only important bill for which consideration was asked. That was the House bill to establish a uniform system of bankrupter, Senator George (Dem., Miss.) moved to take it up and got an affirmative vote of 27 on two roll calls; but the aggregate vote came only within four of a quorum and he was obliged to withdraw the motion, giving notice that he would renew it to-morrow. There were, however, some dozen bills passed by unanimous consent—including one for the exposition at Atlanta, Ga, and the conference report on the Indian Appropriation bill was presented and agreed to.

Among bills introduced and referred to committees was one by Mr. Allen (Pop., Neb.) "to prevent professional lobbying." It defines a lobbyist to be a person who habitually attempts to influence the legislative action of Congress by soliciting members to support or defeat a measure, and it declares lobbying in the Capitol or in the District of Columbia an offence against the United States, to be punished by a fine of not less than \$1,000, or more than \$5,000, and by imprisonment in the counten jail of the District of Columbia for not less than one or more than five years. SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

Louisiana Insists on This Year's Bounty New ORLEANS, Aug. 8.—The proposition to call the sugar planters together to obtain their views on the tariff situation has been aban-dened on the ground that it would do more doned on the ground that it would do more harm to them than good, and that the result would be doubtful. It has been resolved, therefore, to leave the matter to the judgment of the Louisiana Senators. A large number of telegrams, however, were sent by individual planters to Senators Caffery and Blanchard, insisting on the bounty on this year's crop. After a caucus with some representative sugar planters, flow. Foster telegraphed to Senators Caffery and Blanchard, practically urging them to insist on the bounty this year.

Elkins May Hau Against Chairman Wilson MARTINSBURG, W. Va., Aug. 8.-The probabilities are that ex-Secretary Stephen B. Elkins will oppose the Hon. William L. Wilson for Congress in this district. A solid Elkin's delegation of sixty-nine delegates has been selected to go to the Convention, which meets at Elkins, the home of ex-Secretary Elkins, in a few weeks.

The fact that some of Mr. Eikins's friends took an active part in the Convention lends color to the rumor that he has decided to accept the nomination if offered to him.

Secretary Caritale Forces a Removal. BALTINORE, Aug. 8 .- Secretary of the Treasary Carlisle to-day appointed Albert C. Kirwan Shipping Commissioner at the Port of Balti-more, vice Mr. Littleton P. Dryden, removed. Dryden's resignation was called for more than a year ago, but he refused to resign, taking the view that under the act creating the office of Shipping Commissioner the Secretary has no power to remove him without specific cause.

Onter's Majority Estimated Now at \$4,000 BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 8 .- As fast as elecion returns come in Col. Oates's majority over Kulb increases, and it now appears that the Democratic majority will reach 24,000. Kolb still asserts that he has carried the State and that the alleged frauds are more flagrant than those claimed by him in 1892.

Coxey Addresses 10,000 New York Farmer BUFFALO, Aug. 8 .- Gen. J. S. Coxey addressed a mass meeting of farmers at Alabama, Genese county, this afternoon. Nearly 10,000 heard him. He stopped off at Buffalo to-night on his way home to Massilion, and talked to the printers in the Courier office. He says that the farmers in the State are rapidly turning to the support of the Populist ticket.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Aug. 8.—The stable, coach man's house, and outbuildings, owned by Thomas Porter in Porter place, were destroyed by fire to-night. The horses were saved, but three carriages were burned.

SUB-COMMITTEE MEN WON'T TALK. They Make Up Their Report and Save It for the State Committee To-day,

Five Republican State Committeemen, forming the sub-committee which was appointed to settle the differences in the ranks of the local Republicans and the Belden-Hendricks row in Syracuse, sat in Parior 13 of the Pifth Avenue Hotel for three hours last evening in their shirt sleeves and endeavored to agree on the report which they are to present to the full committee, which will meet in Parlor D R at 11 o'clock this morning.

The sub-committeemen were Gen. James W. Wadsworth William L. Proctor, Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., Col. George W. Dunn, and John A. Onnek en bush. They summed up the evidence given last

Thursday and formulated their report, but would not end the suspense of the contending factions by allowing an inkling of the report to The representatives of the rival organizations, who were waiting about in the corridor, were much disappointed, as it had been expected that the committee would give them some idea how the wind was blowing, but the committeemen filed out of the room at 1114 o'clock and melted away, leaving no information behind them. From the gossip that ran around the corridors, everybody appeared to be satisfied that a compromise would be effected, recognizing the Committee of Thirty with the

satisfied that a compromise would be elected, recognizing the Committee of Thirty with the provise that they make liberal concessions to the Milholland faction.

Scores of Republican politicians gathered in the corridors early in the evening. Some of them were Chairman Brookfield of the State Committee, Chairman Brookfield of the State Committee, Chairman Hackett of the Executive Committee, John N. Scatcherd, John S. Kenyon, Henry Grasse, ex-Senator Gibbs, John Sabine Smith, Job B. Hedges, ex-Postmaster Van Cott, ex-Collector Hendricks, Isaac V. Baker, Jr., Police Justice Clarence Meade, Major Hahn of Ohio, Reuben L. Fox, Gen. Samuel Thomas, Amass J. Thornton, Dwight B. Lawrence, Chester H. Southworth, John F. Montignani, ex-Mayor Wheeler of Utica, Congressman George West, William S. C. Wiley of Greene county, and leaac N. Hunt of Oswego.

John E. Milholland was also present, armed, it was remarked, with additional evidence in the way of briefs, which he wished to get into the sub-committee room, although they had declared the hearing closed.

Shortly after 8 o'clock J. Sloat Fassett strolled in innocently as if he did not know what was going on.

The politicians crowded around him, and

in innocently as if he did not know what was going on.

The politicians crowded around him, and for some time he was the centre of admiration. The committeemen were watched as curiously as if they were the jurors in a big murder trial, and when the door was locked behind them, and two guards placed at it, the politicians sat around with anxious faces waiting for news.

In the corridors there was some talk of making a book on the ultimate decision of the committee, and T. O. Peck of Watertown declared that he was willing to wager 2 to 1 that the Committee of Thirty would not be recognized. He was immediately snapped up by John Reisenweber of the Nineteenth Assembly district.

Mr. Peck put up \$200 and the wager was made. Mr. Peck is a friend of State Committeeman Hunt.

During the session F. A. Schulze of the Twenty-fourth Assembly district got a chance to slip in the resolutions adopted by that organization at Tuesday night's meeting in which the Committee of Thirty is scored and the Milholland faction praised.

Mr. Milholland also got a chance to hand in his

mittee or Thirty is scored and the interest faction praised.

Mr. Milholland also got a chance to hand in his additional briefs, which, it was alleged, fell to the lot of Committeeman Quackenbush to digest.

THEY CONDEMN CLEVELAND.

The Wyoming Democrats Also Endorse Him-The Congress Fight.

CHEYENNE, Aug. 8. - Although the Democratic State Convention of Wyoming met this morning, it is not believed any ticket will be nominated to-night. At least the nomination of candidates will not be reacaed in the order of business until near morning, if the Convention

The Committee on Resolutions is unable to agree on a platform. The principal fight was made on the question of condemning the policy of the present national Administration.

The anti-Administration faction won. The resolutions which will be submitted and adopted by the Convention will unequivocally condemn Cleveland's financial policy and declare in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1.

The national Administration will be endorsed in so far as it has lived up to the pledges of the last national platform of the party, but the protection Democratic members of the Senate will be scored for their alleged defeat of genuine tariff reform.

There is a disposition to turn down Congressman Coffeen and Al New, Chairman of the State Committee, the Administration men who have had the distribution of the Federal patronage in Wyoming.

ronage in Wyoming.

Nellis E. Corthil, the Chairman of the Congressman Coffeen is making a personal canvass among the delegates for renomination, and may succeed.

succeed.

John Charles Thompson. ex-Surveyor-General
of Wyoming, is the leading candidate against
him. Joel J. Stuat, a Central Wyoming wool
grower, has developed considerable strength in

grower, has developed considerable strength in the Gubernatorial race since the Convention as-sembled.

Gov. Osborne could have the renomination by acclamation, but he won't take it. He thinks it would injure his chances for United States

THE FIRST GUN OF THE CAMPAIGN. Gov. Plower to Touch It Off in the Old Dutch Town of Kinderhook.

KINDERHOOK, N. Y., Aug. 8.- Unless some accident should upset present arrangements the first bugle note of the New York Gubernatorial campaign will be sounded by Gov. Flower on Aug. 11, in the old Dutch town of Kinderhook. made historic as the birthplace, recreating place, and burial place of that polished old Democratic war horse Martin Van Buren.

It is curious that Van Buren's old village ould fire the first gun in this fall's campaign. Old timers say it recalls the way things were wont to be done when " the Fox of Kinderhook" was the great mogul of the Democratic State

Then the first political skyrocket was always touched off in Kinderhook, and Prince John Van Buren was the nabob generally selected to

Van Buren was the nabob generally selected to apply the match to the fireworks of electioneering oratory.

Now it seems that the Democratic powers that he are falling back upon the tactics of Napoleonic Van Buren, thereby throwing the Columbia county Republican machine into a paroxysm of fear.

The Democrats are in high glee, and with the anticipation of settling all grievances are preparing to make the diovernor's visit the accasion of a big real-letter day for the Columbia county Democracy.

Three brass bands, some half dozen drum corps, and a mighty concourse of people will greet the Governor. It is estimated that at least 20,000 people will assemble to hear his address to the farmers.

IDAHO REPUBLICANS.

A Mormon with 5,000 Votes Made Chairman of the Convention. Boise, Idaho, Aug. 8.—The third Republican State Convention met in this city to-day. Ben E. Rich was made temporary Chairman. Rich is a Mormon and represents 5,000 votes that have been disfranchised in Idaho for many

years, but were enfranchised by the last Legis-lature. lature.

A letter was received from Senator Shoup, who said the outlook for Republican success in the State and nation was good. He said the winning principles were the free coinsage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1 and protection to American exists.

industries.

The Convention, after appointing the usual committees, adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. McConnell's renomination for tovernor and the nomination of Edgar Wilson for Congress are conceded. Congressman Sweet arrived to-day. He is in the race for the United States Senate.

Robbed of One Bollar While Trying to Get Another from a Fare. Between the acts at the Casino last night a cab drew up and a tall, dark young man stepped

out. He gave the cabman \$1. The latter de-manded \$2. The young man refused, and a crowd gathered. Said the young man to the "Gentlemen, I am a stranger here. I hired

"Gentlemen, I am a stranger here. I hired this cabman at the Christopher street ferry, and I am sure \$1 is enough for the distance. I am a stranger, and I appeal to you."

"That's right. Don't give him any more," replied the crowd.

Then a policeman came along. In the mean time the cabby had placed the \$1 on the seat and had grabbed hold of the young man. The policeman refused to arbitrate, but said that both men would have to go to the police station. Thereupon the young man weakened. He said he wanted to see the show. He gave cabby a second dollar.

When the man turned to pick up the other one he discovered that it was gone. Somebody had stolen it during the excitement.

WORK FOR NAVAL CADETS.

IMPORTANT RECOMMENDATIONS BY THE BOARD OF VISITORS They Urge that the Two Years' Craise at

Non Before Graduation Be Discontinued and that the Course at the Academy Be Extended from Four to Five Years. WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—This year's annual report of the Board of Visitors to the Naval Academy, which has just been submitted to the President, contains some important recomwhich, if adopted, will make radical changes in the present course of instruction, both as reto a naval education and the system of practical work in seamanship on the summer cruises The Board is unanimous in recommending the abolition of the present two years at sea after graduation, and urges in lieu thereof that the course at the Academy be extended from four to five years. It urges that the standard of admission be modified, and that some branches upon which candidates are now examined be taught during the first year's course; that all new cadets shall remain on shore during their first summer, instead of being sent on a practice cruise, as at present; that the cruise of cadets after the four years' course be dis continued, and the entire cadet course, which now covers aix years, to be at the academy and in practice ships at Annapothird and fifth classes have practical work from the middle of May to July 15 at the academy, then leave to be granted them until Oct. 5, when the yearly cruise is to begin, the remaining four classes in each year to be sent off on a four months' practice cruise, where they are to be thoroughly drilled in the duties

executive officer, and navigator.

It is recommended that the standard of age for admission be hereafter not less than 15 not more than 17 years. The Board was much impressed by the wide scope of the physical and military training of the cadets, as well as the thorough manner in which they are instructed It says:

of officers as well as those of ordinary seamen.

Practice ships, the Board believes, should be

officered entirely by cadets, except the Captain,

"With so wide and diversified a curriculum of such training and instruction as is called for during the limited residence of the cadets at the academy it is hardly less than surprising to find such a high degree of excellence in most of them, especially considering the great demands upon their time for mental training and study. Perhaps the only criticism called for in this connection is the lack of manual dexterity and possibly of erious interest in practical seamanship. This is, however, easity explained by the very limited opportunities for exercises aloft on board of ves sels of a bygone type. While these defects will doubtless be very largely remedied by the approaching practice cruise, it is the opinion of the committee that every facility should be enjoyed while at the academy for exercise and training of this character. Although the type of man-of-war represented by the frigate and sloop-of-war of the last generation as ap-parently obsolete, the qualities of dexterous and ready seamanship can never be superfluous in a naval officer, and these qualities can be best acquired in such vessels. The Bancroft, a recent acquisition to the Academy, answers admirably the demands for giving practice in the modern sense, as well as drills under steam. The Board would strongly recommend that these fa-

modern sense, as well as drills under steam. The Board would strongly recommend that these facilities for practice afloat be supplemented by one or two small square-rigged sailing vessels kept genstantly ready for such service at the Navai Academy. It should never be lost sight of that the cadet is in training to be a sea officer and not merely a scientific mechanical engineer, and no available means should be kept unemployed to promote and facilitate such training. Hegarding the advisability of discontinuing the two years' crules in regular sea-going war ships, prior to final graduation and commission, the Board says:

"It is the opinion of many commauding and other officers of the navy that the two years of so-called probation at sea, after leaving the Academy, is practically a waste of time, and not a few regard it as actually injurious to the cadet and to the service, Graduated from Annapolis with an academic experience in the practical part of his profession, the cadet is out of place while performing duty as an officer on board a ship of war in general service. He feels that he has upon him the responsibilities of an officer, that he is to perform the duties of an officer, that he is to perform and his inferiors one to this profession, the cadet is out of place while performance of many of these duties. His superiors are too apt to exact from him service that he should not be expected to perform, and his inferiors look to him for instruction and orders, which he is not fully competent to give. Soon the superior comes to unjustly underrate him: soon the inferior begins to lose proper respect for him. All this arised from the fact that the cadet, upon leaving the Academy, cases to regard himself as still a student on probation, and he is not so regarded

to lose proper respect for him. All this arised from the fact that the cadet, upon leaving the Academy, ceases to regard himself as still a student on probation, and he is not so regarded by others. He assumes to do more than he can accomplish, and duties and responsibilities are imposed upon him which his superiors should not, in reason, expect him to fulfil. These evils will take shape the instant the cadet is removed, before the completion of his education, from the sphere in which he regards himself, and is considered by others, as a student, and they will continue so long as the cadet, who is still an undergraduate, is called upon to perform duty as an officer on board ship. No regulation of the department, however carefully worded, no order, however stringent, can prevent this state of affairs, simply because it comedification for the proper and the same cogent reasons for abandoning the two years at sea and distributing the course over a longer period at the Academy. The purpose of this recommendation is to allow sufficient times for the present course and still to give to the student adequate rest for his brain; to the boy intervals long enough to enable him to enter into boyish pursuits; and, more important still, to provide for more professional instruction and practical exercise. The alternative, viz., an abridgement of the present course, is not to be thought of. When it is considered how wide is the scope of professional requirements, how necessary is the ground work for future investigation, it would be difficult say what branch can be dropped. An examination of the curriculum will show that no study now pursued should be dispensed with and that the time allotted to each is barrely adequate.

In conclusion the Hoard says that, in brief, the adoption of its suggestions will produce the following results:

Strict justice to youther from every part of the country by giving all equal chances for admis-

adoption of its suggestions will produce the for-lowing results:
Strict justice to youths from every part of the country by giving all equal chances for admis-sion into the Academy.
The thorough grounding of students at the Academy in elementary branches, which is not secured by a high standard of admission.
Eventually obtaining for the service the best of the material presented.

Eventually obtaining for the service the best of the material presented.

The prevention of the baneful effects of short annual leaves and at the same time the granting of leaves of satisfactory length.

The more thorough teaching of the present academic course, and the introduction of new professional matter.

Practice cruises of sufficient length to enable theoretical instructions to be properly supplemented by practical application.

Inculcating habits of strict attention to duty and that proper observance of naval etiquette which is so essential in a well-ordered man-of-war.

which is so essential in a well-ordered man-of-war.

Practical experience in the performance of the duties of an officer under the most favorable conditions, by which the tadet will be qualified, upon graduation, to perform these duties in general service ships.

And, perhaps the most important of all, the means of forming correct estimates of the professional qualities of cadets and their aptitude for the naval service, whereby these may have great weight in selecting the graduates who are to become the officers of the navy.

Sound Pirates at Work Again

NORTHPORT, L. I., Aug. 8.-A rowboat laden with booty pilfered from yachts and pleasure boats was brought ashore at Eaton's Neck last Saturday by two men who said they had been shipwrecked in the Sound. They were sheltered in the homes of people living on the Neck, and, later, one of the men left for this place with the intention, ostensibly, of telegraphing to his friends. He failed to return, and his comto his friends. He failed to return, and his com-panion became very uneasy, borrowed all the money he could, and, leaving the boat as se-curity, slipped away.

Becreted in the bottom of the boat there was a lot of yacht rigging, sails, lanterns, and clothing. The searchers found in a fine pair of trousers a receipt for groceries given in South Norwalk. Conn. to the aloop idlewild. This sloop belongs in South Norwalk, and Capt. Bell, who is in charge of her, was notified of the dis-covery.

Richmond County's First Woman School Trustee.

Mrs. E. A. Bradley was elected a trustee of the New Borp, S. L. Union Free School at the

We practice. Inshrioty is cured at the Keeley in Stute, Baratoga Springs, N. Y.—Ade.

Others Preach,



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid leasting, principles embraced in the

laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleas-ant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxe ative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from

every objectionable substance. Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on ever package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

THEODORE SELKE WANTS TO DIE.

Quarrelled with His Wife, Took Paris Green, and Fought the Doctors. Theodore Selke, 29 years old, of 1,617 East End avenue, attempted suicide yesterday afternoon at his home by taking a dose of Paris

Selke came to this country about six years ago from Hamburg, where his father is a prosperous dry goods merchant. He secured a place with the German knitting works at Canal street and East River, where he had worked himself up to the position of manager. He had saved quite a snug sum of money, and

six months ago he returned to Hamburg, where he married a Miss Herz, whose brother Herman he had known in this country. He returned to New York in the latter part of April with his

New York in the latter part of April with his bride, and they took a flat at 1,617 East End avenue. Herman Herz went to board with them. Everything went along smoothly and the young couple seemed happy until about two months ago.

About a week ago Mr. Selke left the house, and, it is said, did not return until Tuesday night.

Yesterday morning there was a quarrel, the cause of which is not known. Mrs. Selke left the house shortly after noon, and soon afterward her husband told Herz that he was very ill and wanted an ambulance sent for. He had taken Paris green. He was taken to the Presbyterian Hospital. He fought the doctors and said he wanted to die.

OBITUARY.

The Hon. Josiah K. Brown died at his home in Holland Patent, Oneida county, on Tuesday, after years of illness with Bright's lisease. Mr. Brown was born in the town of Flo. d. Oneida county. Sept. 26, 1833. He was a lawyer by profession and at one time a partner of the late Hop. Francis Kernan, in Utica. Owing to ill Hop. Francis Kernan, in Uties. Owing to ill health he subsequently went to the Pennsylvania oil fields. Regaining his health he returned to Utica and resumed the practice of law. He served as City Attorney two terms. He was always a Democrat, and was a delegate to the National Convention which nominated Samuel J. Tilden for President in 1876, and a delegate to the State Convention which nominated Grover Cleveland, with whom he had long been personally acquainted, and made a speech seconding the nomination. When the office of State Dairy Commissioner was created by the Legislaure, Mr. Brown, whose carly life had been passed on a farm, was appointed by Gov. Cleveland, the first incumbent of the office, which he held, and in which he served during the administrations of both Govs. Cleveland and Hill. His fight in the interest of the dairyman against oleomargarine is a matter of record, as is also his efforts to suppress the adulteration of milk. His fight in the interest of the dairyman against oleomargarine is a matter of record, as is also his efforts to suppress the adulteration of milk. The Rev. Samuel P. Knapp, who died at Mystic, Conn., yesterday, in his sixtieth year, had been the pastor of the Macdougal Street Haptist Church of this city for two years. He resigned lass spring on account of ill health. His first charge was the Twenty-fifth Street Haptist Church. Mr. Knapp was of strong anti-slavery convictions, and boasted that he had guided many negroes to freedom. He was popular among Grand Army men, and two months ago he preached his last sermon to a large gathering of army veterans. His brother is the Rev. Halsey Knapp. A son is pastor of the Bridge Street, Brooklyn, Haptist Church. He left also three other children.

other children.

Peter, Esselemont, formerly member of Parliament for East Aberdeenshire, died in Aberdeen yesterday evening of cancer. He was born in 1834, and was elected to Parliament in 1885. He had been Magistrate of the burgh and county of Aberdeen, Lord Provost of the city, President of the Chamber of Commerce, and Justice of the Peace for the county. He was an Advanced Liberal.

Advanced Liberal.

Thomas F. Burke, senior member of the printing firm of Burke Bros, died yesterday after a short illness. He was a member of the Tamany General Committee of the Fourth district, and belonged to the Columbiat, Club, Oriental Club, Ancient Order of Foresters, St. Rose Council, C. B. L., St. Rose Literary Union, American Legion of Honor, and Bright Star Social Club. J. Joseph Alexandre died yesterday at his summer home at Stamford, aged 50 years. Mr. Alexandre was a member of the Metropolitan, New York, Racquet, Riding, New York Athletic, and New York Yacht clubs. His town house was at ? West Sixteenth street. was at ? West Sixteenth street.

Samuel Haldwin of Geneva, N. Y., a lawyer,
well-known to the bench and bar of the old
Seventh Judicial district, died yesterday morn-

Signor Cuciniello, director of the Rome branch of the Bank of Naples, died in prison at Aversa yesterday. He was implicated in the recent bank scandals. Ex. Warden Brown Gets a Job in Brooklyn.

The Kings County Charities Commissioners have agreed to sign a contract with ex-Warder Brown of Sing Sing for the establishment of his curled hair industry in the Kings county penitentiary.

Mr. Brown is to employ seventy-five male prisoners for five years and pay the county for their labor not less than 47 cents a day. He engages to forfelt \$10,000 if he fails to live up to contract.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

There will be music this evening at East River Park bloswald's military band. John B. Trippetta, a railroad contractor, 50 years old, who lived in Foughkeepsts, dropped dead while pass-ing the corner of broadway and Gobs street yester-day merning. day morning.

Elizabeth Schmidt of 265 East Seventy eighth street was held yealerday in the Yorkville Police Court in Sillo bail for trial spen a charge of illegally maintaining a lying in hospital.

Hudson Dickerman, Eastern agent for the Eric Rubber Company, who was arrested here on Tuesday on a requisition from 60s. Altgeld of illinois charging him with bigamy, was taken to Feorla yesterday.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday on the steamer Lahin were the Misses Georgia and Alice Cayvan, Hertest Kelley, and Paron H. Stierphurg, Chief Secretary of Legation to the German Embassy at Pekin.

Thomas J. Roche a paradonal processing the street of the street of

Thomas J. Roche: a patroiman attached to the Wes Thirtieth street police Matton for the last seven year died yesterday morning at his home. 3dd. West PRI: second atreet. He was appointed by Commissions French. He leaves a wife and three children. Manager Thomas Canary of the Casho was bound over to keep the peace in \$500 bonds by Justles Voorhis in the Jefferson Market Police Court yearles day. This action was the result of the charge of as sault made against Canary by George F. Hopper Harry Miner went on Canary's bond. Marry Miner went on Canary's found.

Abraham J. Arbeely and Nageed J. Arbeely, proprietors of an Arabic newspaper published in this city, have been arrested by the Sheriff upon an order grauted by Jindge Blechoff of the Costri of Common Pleas in an action brought by Asgeeb N. Makoor to recover \$10.000 damages for alleged libel.

Judge Trunk of the Supreme Court has granted a motion for a receiver for the firm of Gano & Crowell, who have a restaurant at 197 Broadway under the name of the Broadway Star Restaurant Company, in a suit brought by James M. Gano against Ellen A. Crowell, and has appointed Mrs. Crowell receiver, under a bond of \$500.

Mrs. Jossephine Basishe odered of

under a bond of \$500.

Mrs. Josephine DeSalts colored, of West Thirty-second attreet, who was arrested on Tuesday for keeping an alleged disorderly house, did not respond to her name when her case was called in the Jeffsron Market Police Court yesterday, and her houd of \$500 was declared forfeited. John Malligan of 507 West Yorty-second street was the bondsman.

MR. ALGER'S TWO WIDOWS.

HE REMARRIED AFTER GETTING A SOUTH DARDTA DIVORCE. The Second Marriage Occurred Four Months
Ago-Algar Bled Last Saturday, and the
Second Wife Was at the Funeral-The
First Wife Wan't Surrender Her Title, The wife from whom Cyrus D. Alger, who died

last Saturday, got a divorce in South Dakota about two years ∰o may seek to have the validity of the decree tested in a court of law. If she snew ceeds in having he decree set aside, the marriage which Mr. Alger is said to have made four months before his death will be rendered null and void. On the nullification of that marriage depends the validity of the will which Mr. Alger made a few years after his first marriage. What known until it is admitted to probate. Cyrus D. Alger was one of the five children

of the late David B. Alger, a wealthy stock operator. His town house was at 1,531 Second avenue and his country place at Bronxville, where he owned much of the surrounding property, When he died, in June, 1887, he left an estate valued then at \$500,000, and now believed to be valued then at \$500,000, and now or level to be worth much more, owing to the rise in value of land in this city and in Bronxville. The prop-erty was to be divided equally among his sons, William G. Alger, Henry Alger, and Crrus D. Alger, his grandson, Stewart Alger, and a mar ried daughter.

Cyrus D. Alger received his early education at a public school near his father's house. He vas backward in his studies, and Margaret Corr, one of the teachers, was employed to coach him. She continued to give him instruction ofter be left the public school, and such education as he got, for he was not sent to college, was apparently due to her. After his studies were abandoned by him, young Alger kept up his acquaintance with his former teacher, and despite the difference in their ages she was fifteen or sixteen years older than he concluded that he wanted to marry her. This marriage did not take place until 1888. Alger was then 25. His wife was

marry her. This marriage did not take place until 1888. Alger was then 25. His wife was almost 40.

They had scarcely married when they agreed that they had marks a mistake. They resolved to separate, and an amicable arrangement was made by which they were to live apart, and \$100 a month was allowed Mrs. Alger.

Alger then set out to live the carcless life of a backelor. He soon discovered, bowever, that in one respect he could not live a backelor's life. If he called often on a young woman, or took her driving, or was in any way attentive, her father interfered on the ground that Alger was a married man. Alger finally became so much interested in Miss Florence Ten. Eyek, called lifdle by her friends, that he resolved his being a married man should no longer stand in the way of the prosecution of his attentions. He therefore went to South Dakota, where he remained a year and got a divorce. When he returned he and Miss Ten Eyek apparently thought better of whatever matrimonial project they had contemplated. Possibly she didn't think that a Dakota divorce had made him free to marry. He discovered that other people were of that opinion, and that his attentions to young women were as much resented by their fathers sa before.

Finally Alger met a Miss Gillesple, with whom he fell in leve, and they were married. Alger was ill of a combination of complaints when the marriage took place, four months ago, and his new wife became his nearest. They lived at the Hotel Graham, at Madison avenue and Seventy-first street. The second Mrs. Alger followed the coffin as chief mourner to the grave in woodlawn. She was recognized by the relatives of the dead man as his widow.

The first Mrs. Alger will probably dispute her title. It is intimated also that the second Mrs. Alger was devoted to driving and had other tastes of a man with money. For a few years he was clerk in a broker's office; the rest of his life he was idle.

Mrs. Alger, who was Miss Gillesple, left the Hotel Graham last Tuesday and is now living with her brother, G

Eighty-third street. Mr. Gillespie said inat night:

"Alger was a divorced man, and we all knew it. He married my sister and she was his lawful wife, and certainly enfitled to all the rights of a wife. We are sure of our ground, and consequently care to say nothing."

Mr. J. M. Bittenhoefer, a son of ex-Judge Dittenhoefer, who is attorney for Mrs. Margaret Alger, said he had never heard that there had been a divorce.

"However, it makes no difference," said he, "because a Dakota divorce is not recognized in this State unless noth parties admit it. Consequently, this lady, who calls herself Mrs. Alger, has no grounds for claiming any part of the Alger estate." has no grounds for claiming any part of the Alger estate."

As an evidence of the fact that the Alger family recognize the first wife, Mr. Dittenhoefer said their lawyer, J. Edward Woodruff, sent yesterday to Mrs. Margaret Alger notice that the will would be read this afternoon.

CHAPPAQUA, N. Y., Aug. 8.-This village has o-day been in a bustle since early morning, th cause being the regular yearly meeting of the Seven-Day Conference of Friends of the Hicksite sect. This year it was the turn of the New York sect. This year it was the turn of the New York society to entertain their fellow Friends of the entire I nited States and Canada.

North-bound trains arriving here to-day had extra coaches to accommodate the large number of Friends from New York city, New Jersey, and points west and south. A special train of fitteen cars, which left Washington at 8 A.M. to-day with about 1,000 Friends from Baltimore and Philadelphia aboard, arrived here tonight. To-morrow's exercises will be held in a large tent on the institute grounds.

The Weather, There was a marked increase of humidity yesterday over the lake region and along the middle Atlantic coast, making the weather oppressive. Light showers were reported from New England and over parts of the lake States. The weather continues warm and

dry over the corn belt. A disturbance of slight energy is central over the Guif, attended by rain along the Guif ceast. In this city the weather was fair and suitry. Highest official temperature 89°, lowest 65°; average lu-midity, 82 per cent.; wind 8. W. by 8., average re-locity seven miles an hour; barometer corrected to read to sea level, 8 A. M., 30.01; 8 P. M., 20.92. The thermometer at Perry's pharmacy in THE SOI

1803, 1894 66° 70° 8:30 P. M. 70° 8 P. M. 70° 70° 12 Mid. 7816 Average Average on Aug. 8, 1893

For Maine, local showers and thunder storms; coo n southern portion; west winds. For New Hampshire and Vermont, local rains and thunder storms, cooler; south winds becoming west. For Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut, mercasing cloudiness, but probably without rain; southwest winds. For existen New York, light local showers; cooler;

with which becoming northwest.

For eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, threatning weather, but probably without rain; southwest For the District of Columbia, Delaware, and Mary-

land, fair; southwest winds becoming west.

For western Pennsylvania, western New York, and
Ohio, local showers and thunder storms; cooler; southwest winds becoming north.

"THERE ARE OTHERS," BUT THEN

COWPERTHWAIT'S,

Park Row and Chatham Square, IN THE BEST PLACE FOR FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c., CASH OR LONG CREDIT.

Call the Messenger boy. Send your Advertisement to THE SUN. No extra charge for the service.

Messenger knows the Advertising rates, and the Right sort of People Read the paper.